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purpose throughout to state the facts dispassionately and by skillful suggestion to provoke thought, rather than dogmatically state conclusions or offer solutions. He seems to the reviewer to treat the proposal of a league of nations in too cool and ultra-conservative a manner. On the other hand, when we hear so much loose talk in certain circles about "extending the Monroe Doctrine to the world," it is refreshing to read: "Still less has the Monroe Doctrine been assumed to affect the non-American relations of non-American powers, or to touch the relations of independent states generally. Such spheres can be penetrated only with other doctrines, on each of which should be bestowed an appropriate title. Although the poet tells us that the rose by any other name would smell as sweet, he does not assure us that any flower, if called a rose, would become one."

The explanation of the "mechanism of American diplomacy and the organs through which it has been conducted," given in the introduction, might be made more helpful to the general reader if it described in some detail the present organization of the State Department and the diplomatic corps and the usual methods of international negotiation.

The book contains a useful bibliography and index and makes an ideal text book. Of the handbooks on American diplomacy, it is *facile princeps*. It is just such a work as we should expect from the pen of the dean of the international lawyers of America.

George C. Butte.

THE TREATIES OF 1785, 1799 AND 1828 BETWEEN THE UNITED STATES AND PRUSSIA. Edited by JAMES BROWN SCOTT. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. New York: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1918. pp. viii, 207.

The French and English texts of the three treaties are printed in parallel columns, followed by a collection of Federal decisions, opinions of the attorneys-general, and diplomatic correspondence bearing upon their interpretation and application.

THE ARMED NEUTRALITIES OF 1780 AND 1800. Edited by JAMES BROWN SCOTT. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. New York: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1918. pp. xxxi, 698.

The author has made a very extensive compilation of material relating to the Armed Neutralities. The first part of the volume contains extracts from the works of publicists, while the second part deals with official documents, including treaties and diplomatic papers.

BOOKS RECEIVED:

THE CONFLICT OF LAWS RELATING TO BILLS AND NOTES. By ERNEST G. LORENZEN. New Haven: YALE UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1919. pp. 337.

THE QUIT-RENT SYSTEM IN THE AMERICAN COLONIES. By BEVERLEY W. BOND, JR. Yale Historical Publications, Miscellany, Vol. VI. New Haven: YALE UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1919. pp. 492.

WAR BORROWING. By JACOB H. HOLLANDER. New York: THE MACMILLAN Co. 1919. pp. 215.

AUTHORITY IN THE MODERN STATE. By HAROLD J. LASKI. New Haven: YALE UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1919. pp. x, 398.

THE LAW AS A VOCATION. By FREDERICK J. ALLEN. With an Introduction by WILLIAM H. TAFT. Cambridge: HARVARD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1919. pp. viii, 83.

YEAR BOOKS. 6 AND 7 EDWARD II—1313. Year Book Series. Vol. XV. Edited for the Selden Society by WILLIAM C. BOLLAND. London: BERNARD QUARITCH. 1918. pp. lix, 294.

PROBLEMS OF THE WAR. Vol. IV. Papers read before The Grotius Society in the Year 1918. London: SWEET & MAXWELL. 1919. pp. lvi, 295.

REPORTS OF THE AMERICAN BAR ASSOCIATION. Vol. XLIII. 1918. By CHARLES A. MORRISON. Baltimore: THE LORD BALTIMORE PRESS. 1918. pp. 867.

JAMES MADISON'S NOTES OF DÉBATES. By JAMES BROWN SCOTT. New York: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1918. pp. xviii, 149.

THE FINANCIAL HISTORY OF GREAT BRITAIN, 1914-1918. By FRANK L. McVEY. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. New York: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1918. pp. iv, 101.

ECONOMIC EFFECTS OF THE WAR UPON WOMEN AND CHILDREN IN GREAT BRITAIN. By IRENE O. ANDREWS. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. New York: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1918. pp. vi, 190.

EFFECTS OF THE WAR UPON INSURANCE, WITH SPECIAL REFERENCE TO THE SUBSTITUTION OF INSURANCE FOR PENSIONS. By WILLIAM F. GEPHART. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. New York: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1918. pp. vi, 302.

EARLY EFFECTS OF THE EUROPEAN WAR UPON CANADA AND CHILE. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. New York: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1918. pp. xvi, 101.

UNE COUR DE JUSTICE INTERNATIONALE. Par JAMES BROWN SCOTT. Dotation Carnegie pour la Paix Internationale. New York: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1918. pp. vi, 269.

LES CONVENTIONS ET DÉCLARATIONS DE LA HAYE DE 1899 ET 1907. Avec une Introduction de JAMES BROWN SCOTT. Dotation Carnegie pour la Paix Internationale. New York: OXFORD UNIVERSITY PRESS. 1918. pp. xxxiii, 318.

TRACTATUS DE BELLO DE REPRESALIIS ET DE DUELLO. By GIOVANNI LA LEGNANO. Edited by THOMAS ERSKINE HOLLAND. Carnegie Endowment for International Peace. Oxford: THE CLARENDON PRESS. 1917. pp. xxxviii, 458.

GERMAN LEGISLATION FOR THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES OF BELGIUM. Edited by CHARLES H. HUBERICH and A. NICOL-SPEYER. Fifteenth Series. The Hague: MARTINUS NIJHOFF. 1918. pp. 518.

GERMAN LEGISLATION FOR THE OCCUPIED TERRITORIES OF BELGIUM. Edited by CHARLES H. HUBERICH and A. NICOL-SPEYER. Sixteenth Series. The Hague: MARTINUS NIJHOFF. 1918. pp. 649.